



CHILDREN'S  
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SOCIETY OF  
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Family Education Program materials and podcasts, and information on CHS programs can also be found on our website at [www.chs-ca.org](http://www.chs-ca.org).



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# STAYING HEALTHY

PRACTICING ILLNESS PREVENTION



Children need to be in the best possible health in order to reach their full potential. Often, preventing an illness is easier than curing a sickness once it has started. There are many things that you can do to help yourself and your family stay healthy and reduce your chances of getting sick so you can have the well-being that you deserve.



When one person in the family becomes sick, everyone is affected. Many illnesses are contagious, meaning other family members may then get sick also. Children lose time in school and parents lose time at work. By developing some basic strategies such as teaching your children good hygiene, making sure that they are getting enough sleep, and eating properly, you can prevent illnesses before they begin.



Teach children to use a tissue to wipe their nose and cover their mouth when they sneeze or cough.

## ★ ILLNESS PREVENTION ★

### ★ REDUCING ILLNESS IN CHILD CARE

Many illnesses are spread by children because they have increased contact with each other and often put shared items into their mouths. As a parent there are things that you can do to reduce the spread of illness at your son or daughter's child care.

- Follow the caregiver's illness policy
- Keep your child home if your child experiences any of the following:
  - Oral temperature of 100° F or higher
  - Vomiting or diarrhea
  - Eye infection, rash, lice, or nits
  - Other unusual symptoms or behavior



### ★ HANDWASHING REALLY HELPS

One of the most successful ways to prevent the spread of disease is through regular, proper handwashing. Help your children develop the habit of washing their hands before eating or handling food, after toileting, nose-blowing, handling anything that is dirty, or after playing outdoors. You may want to post instructions with pictures as a friendly reminder. Make sure sinks are accessible to younger children by keeping a small stool nearby.

Remember to wash your own hands after changing a baby's diaper to prevent the spread of germs. It is important for parents and caregivers to model good hygiene behaviors.

Below are the steps to a good handwashing routine:

- Use warm water to loosen dirt
- Use soap
- Wash hands well, rub vigorously for about 10-15 seconds
- Rinse with warm water
- Dry thoroughly using a disposable towel or clean cloth towel

### ★ HOW ILLNESSES ARE SPREAD

Illnesses are spread in a variety of ways. Understanding the ways that different illnesses are spread can help you practice better prevention methods.

- Airborne: Spread by coughs, sneezes, or secretions from the nose or mouth.
- Fecal/oral: Spread by way of the hands from contact with the bowel movement to food or other objects going into the mouth.
- Blood/body fluids: Spread by direct contact between the blood and/or body fluids.
- Direct contact: Spread by direct contact between an infected person and an uninfected person.

Schedule regular check-ups, including dental and vision. Make sure all vaccinations are current. Keep a detailed medical history of each child.

## ★ GOOD HEALTH STARTS BEFORE YOUR CHILD IS BORN

If you are pregnant, it is very important that you give your child the advantage of a healthy start in life. Make sure you are receiving proper pre-natal care including regular check-ups, taking pre-natal vitamins, eating well, and avoiding alcohol, drugs, and tobacco.

## ★ THE IMPORTANCE OF GOOD DENTAL HYGIENE

Taking good care of teeth is part of staying healthy. Poor dental care can lead to other illnesses. You can help protect your children's teeth by following these habits:

- Don't allow your baby to fall asleep with a bottle
- Offer healthy foods that are low in sugar
- Develop teeth brushing routines after meals and before bedtime
- Have your child see a pediatric dentist by age one



Always follow the directions on medication labels. Do not share prescription medications.

## ★ CREATE A HEALTHY LIFESTYLE ★

### ★ GET ENOUGH SLEEP

Without enough rest children are more likely to become sick, as well as have a harder time physically, emotionally, and socially. Make sure your child is getting the right amount of sleep, depending upon his or her age. Creating a relaxing bedtime routine that may include putting on pajamas, brushing teeth, and reading stories, helps children fall asleep more easily.

### ★ EAT WELL

Eating properly is an important part of illness prevention. A balanced diet, including drinking enough fluids, is certain to reduce illness. By shopping, cooking, and eating healthfully as a family, you can help your children develop healthy eating habits now that will last a lifetime.

### ★ EXERCISE REGULARLY

Another important part of creating a healthy lifestyle is making sure your children are getting enough exercise. By limiting the time children spend watching television and playing video games, and increasing their level of daily activity, you can increase their chances of staying well.

### ★ AVOID STRESS

Although some stress is unavoidable, prolonged stress can weaken the body's immune system, making it easier to get sick. By developing tools to cope with stress such as getting support from family and friends, seeking counseling, or learning relaxation techniques, you can greatly reduce the harmful effects of stress.

## ★ THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN A COLD AND A FLU

Flu symptoms are usually worse than cold symptoms, but sometimes it can be hard to tell the difference.

| Symptom          | Flu  | Cold                   |
|------------------|------|------------------------|
| Fever            | High | No or mild             |
| Energy level     | Low  | Normal or slightly low |
| Cough            | Dry  | Severe or hacking      |
| Sore throat      | Yes  | No                     |
| Headache         | Yes  | No or mild             |
| Loss of appetite | Yes  | No                     |
| Muscle aches     | Yes  | No                     |
| Chills           | Yes  | No                     |

## ★ HOW TO CARE FOR A COLD OR A FLU

Below are things that you can do to help ease your child's discomfort:

- Make sure your child gets plenty of rest
- Give your child lots of fluids to drink
- Use a humidifier while your child is sleeping
- Use a bulb syringe to clear your baby's nose
- Teach your child to blow his or her nose into a tissue

## TO LEARN MORE

### BOOKS FOR CHILDREN

#### TISSUE, PLEASE!

Lisa Kopelke

#### WASHING MY HANDS

Elizabeth Vogel

#### THOSE MEAN NASTY DIRTY DOWNRIGHT DISGUSTING BUT... INVISIBLE GERMS

Judith Anne Rice, illustrated by Reed Merrill

### ORGANIZATIONS

#### THE AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS

(847) 434-4000 or [www.aap.org](http://www.aap.org)

KIDSHEALTH [www.kidshealth.org](http://www.kidshealth.org)